

Bangor Daily Whig & Courier.

PUBLISHED BY SMITH & SAYWARD, OVER THE KENDUSKEAG MARKET, BANGOR, ME.

VOL. X.

THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1844.

NO. 248

The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier is published at four dollars a year, payable half yearly in advance, and all orders for discontinuance to be accompanied by the amount due.

The Bangor Courier is published at the office of the Daily Whig & Courier every Tuesday morning.

Two Dollars a year in advance, or Two

and Fifty Cents if paid within six months

of the time of subscribing.

The publishers will not hold themselves responsible for any error that may occur, beyond the charge for the advertisement.

W. H. Field, at the Mechanic's News Room, is Agent for this paper. Advertising with him will be immediately forwarded.

LIST OF MAIL,
WHICH ARRIVE AT AND DEPART FROM THE
BANGOR POST OFFICE.

Arrives every morning at 2, arrives every

day from 9 to 11 A. M.

Arrives every morning at 6, arrives every

day from 5 to 6 P. M.

Arrives every day at 1 P. M., arrives

every day at 12 M.

Arrives every morning at 8, arrives every

day (except Sunday) from 4 to 5 P. M.

Arrives, leaves every morning at 7, arrives ev-

ery day from 5 to 7 P. M.

Arrives, leaves every Monday, Wednesday and

Friday morning at 6, arrives Tuesday, Thursday

and Saturday from 6 to 7.

Arrives, leaves every morning at 8, arrives every

day (except Sunday) from 4 to 5 P. M.

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and Saturday from 6 to 7.

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DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

JOHN S. SAYWARD, Editor.

THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT,

HENRY CLAY
OF KENTUCKY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEORGE EVANS,
OF MAINE.

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE BALTIMORE
WHIG CONVENTION.

The Whig National Convention, for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States will meet in Baltimore on Wednesday the first day of May next. The Young Men's Whig National Convention of Ratification will meet on the following day Thursday the second of May.

SEE FIRST PAGE.

Arrival of Lumbermen—Log Driving—An Incident.

The season for logging in the woods has passed, and many of those who have been employed in the business, have arrived in the city. Nearly every stage from the country comes laden with them. They are a fine appearing class of men, with stout, vigorous frames, their countenances glowing with health and beaming with intelligence, contentment and happiness. Such men cannot be found where the gin jug is worshipped. Our friend Burritt was here about the time these men were taking their departure for the woods, and frequently remarked to us of the brilliant redness of their shirts.

We do not discover any change in this particular. The scarlet is as brilliant now as then, while the men themselves seem to have greatly improved in the rotundity of their proportions. Most of them will now return to their homes, work during the summer, upon their farms, and in the autumn again engage in lumbering.

The return of these men from the logging swamps reminds us of another class who, for the large pay they receive, engage in running the logs out of the various streams, through the lakes and down our river, to the mills. This is a laborious, important and highly exciting, as well as perilous part of the lumbering business; and upon the success which attends it depends, in no small degree, the profits of the business. It is not unfrequently happens that those engaged in lumbering have from forty to fifty thousand dollars' worth of logs scattered up and down some stream, perhaps over a hundred miles from this city. These logs must be collected at the mouth of the stream, inclosed in a boom and conveyed sometimes ten or fifteen miles across lakes, turned into the main river, and at random over tumbling water falls and in the current of the river to the mills. When there is a great freshet the intervals are covered, and the logs floating upon them must be rolled off by the men, wading in the water. At other times they become lodged in tangled masses up on the brink of a water-fall, and then comes the perilous work of going upon them and prying out the interlocking logs in order to break the jam. Thus, wet and weary for days and weeks the men in charge of the logs, labor, and to their care for the time, is committed the whole interest of their employers. A day lost, a favorable circumstance neglected, might prove ruinous.

While thus engaged, the "River Drivers," as they are called, invariably have four regular meals a day—the hour of dining being about ten o'clock in the forenoon.

An incident connected with this custom of dining at ten o'clock occurred several years since, that is worth relating in this place. When the United States' troops first ascended our river on their way to Houlton, one of our citizens, acquainted with the river and the mode of boating it, as was then the custom, entered into a contract to transport the troops and their baggage a certain number of miles on the river. He engaged men acquainted with the business, and at the proper place the troops went into the boats, and moved onward. The several boat-crews toiled in ascending the river, until near ten o'clock in the forenoon, when they directed their course for the shore and proceeded to land and make preparation for dinner. The military officer in command interfered and declared that it was folly to think of stopping at that time of day for dinner. But the contractor insisted upon both the usage and the necessity in the case, and coolly remarked to the military commander that his men must have their dinner as usual, and if he "didn't like to stop he might go on!"

We learn that Rev. Mr. Maltby will discourse to-day, it being the Annual Fast, upon the subject of Common Honesty. His late discourse on the moral obligation of Bankrupts, and several suggestions as to the moral obligation of creditors called forth by that discourse, and the general interest felt at this time in these matters, will unquestionably secure him a full house. We mistake greatly, if his most hearted phrenics, and seriously caustic touches do not produce some blushes as well as heart-aching.

The Portland Express says, that a beautiful kind of gold lace is now made by the galvanic process. The lace is rubbed with plumbago till it assumes a perfect black color. It is then subjected to the voltaic action, and comes out a perfect fabric of gold.

The African Summary says, it is laborious to attempt to secure a permanent re-birth in any part of Africa while New England pours its floods of Rum around the coasts.

Where is Tom Dorr now? He has not been in the ambitious columns of the Democrat for some time. Isaac must look out and not let him get out-lawed from his paper. These logos use them as Dean Swift did his sermons; who filled a barrel with them and then upset it, knocked the head out and went the other way. Now an 'duelling,' and 'ignorant Frenchmen' and 'love' and 'conscience' (what do they know about it) etc., etc., have been used up, it must be time to reach 'Tom Dorr' in the barrel. He must come up soon or he will get musty. I see the Democrat has subject matter for a new sermon; tariff on small 'potatoes.' But the subject was so large as to throw him. He could not stand on such high stilts. Would not it be well for him to study 'Smith's Easy Lessons of Arithmetic,' and learn political computation.

The Franklin Typographical Society of Boston was instituted in 1824 and incorporated in 1825. The object of its founders appears to have been two fold; "The pleasure of association and the relief of sick members." Since the incorporation 177 names have been enrolled; in these, fourteen have died, many have removed, and 38 now remain on the list. \$300 have been paid to sick members and to widows of deceased members, and \$550 75 remain at interest, Jan. 1st, 1842. It has a library of about five hundred volumes, among which are many valuable books.

As this is the day of the Annual Fast, in accordance with an old custom and for the purpose of giving the workmen in our office an opportunity suitably to observe this day, no paper will be issued to-morrow.

The Old Man's Story.

No. 3.

In story No. 2, I shew the amount of imports over exports at various periods, and finally of the total excess for nine years. I ask a candid examination of this subject by every citizen who has a single American feeling, or a drop of patriotic blood, for a subject of such vast importance cannot be well understood unless we take a dispassionate view of all its bearings. And here I would ask who is benefited by this vast amount of imports over our exports?

I answer, the British on other foreign manufacturers, through the oppressed laborer. It will be perceived that foreigners, in nine years, sold us over \$265,000,000 worth of goods more than they bought of us; thus we paid to foreign instead of American labor this vast amount; and more than this a large share of this amount was profits, pocketed by the noblemen of despotic nations whose only care is to stave the progress of republican governments like ours, or the growth of republican principles which have, since the establishment of our government, made their appearance in Europe.

Suppose that the profits of this excess of imports are only 10 per cent, it would amount to \$3,600,000 in nine years, or over \$5,888,000 per annum, and this is only upon the excess of imports, but take the whole amount of imports which were, in nine years, \$1,628,075,162 worth. By this it can be seen that we have been greatly overreached by foreign nations or speculators at home, and this, although bitter for a Yankee to own, is the fact.

In the second place the large and opulent importers, who are situated in large cities, and who roll in wealth in vast amounts drawn from the labor of those who consume their goods, are mostly benefited by this trade, and these rich merchants have a double advantage over the people, for, if the people will procure goods from abroad instead of manufacturing them for themselves, they must produce something to pay for what they use; consequently these merchants export all the goods that go to pay for these articles, thus exporting in nine years about \$1,363,000,000 worth of goods, showing a trade, passing and repassing through the hands of these merchants, of over \$3,041,000,000, which, at a profit of only 10 per cent, would amount to the vast sum of \$303,100,000, being \$3,100,000 more than the whole appraised value of the State of Massachusetts, and more than five times the appraised value of the State of Maine.

This valuation is below the actual amount made by importers and exporters. Added to this is an immense amount of expenses of transportation, &c. In my subsequent stories, I shall show who are injured by this business, and the cause; who are accountable; the remedy, and by whom it must be administered.

THEORY & PRACTICE.

The Boston Atlas says it has "the most strong and indisputable authority—that which none can be higher—for asserting, that the project of annexing Texas to this Union, whenever it is brought before the Senate, and in whatever form it may appear there, WILL FIND A MAJORITY OF THE SENATE FIRMLY AND UNFLINCHINGLY AGAINST IT. About this, there is no mistake. We pledge ourselves, in the terms, to the correctness of this assertion. We say that, in no event, can the Treaty of Annexation, or any project of annexation, be carried through the Senate."

Mr. Benton and Annexation.

Our readers may remember that the Missourian is on a tour to the West. The Louisville Journal says:—

"A friend of ours, who came down the river the other day with Col. Benton, says that the Colonel was very free in the expression of his opinions about the annexation scheme. The great Locofofo denounced the project as got up by Tyler and Calhoun for the promotion of their own absurd and ambitious purposes."

From investigations made by Rev. David Abel, Missionary to Caria, it appears that probably about one third or one fourth of all the female children of that country are given birth at term.

Explosion at Norwich, Connecticut.

The headlong conflagration was felt at Norwich, between 3 & 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon, caused by the explosion of a building about three quarters of a mile from the town, in which so no 80 or 100 kegs of powder had been stored. The bodies of 4 boys were found in the vicinity, but though life was not extinct, they were so stunned as to be incapable of giving any account of the cause of the explosion.

We learn that Jerome & Co. and to G. L. Evans, Expresses for New York and Boston papers yesterday in advance of the Ma-

FOREIGN.

Eight Days Later from Europe.

The New York Herald of Sunday contains eight days later intelligence from Liverpool brought by the packet ship Sheridan.

The steamship Hibernia arrived at Liverpool on the 14th. She carried out the intelligence of the disaster on board the Princeton.

No change in Cotton.

Louis Philippe and Court is to visit England in September next.

Ex-Queen Christina had been received with the utmost enthusiasm in Spain.

One of the most interesting features in the English papers is the dinner given to Mr. O'Connell, at Convent Garden Theatre, on the 13th, to testify, as the announcement expressed it, the admiration entertained by Englishmen for his constant and consistent advocacy of the rights and privileges of Ireland for more than forty years. About eleven hundred gentlemen sat down to dinner, amongst whom were several peers, and about twenty members of the House of Commons.

Ireland.

In some parts of Connaught, especially in Galway, the humbler classes are suffering great distress—a state of things rather unusual at this season. The Galway Indicator contains a very afflicting statement on this subject. Whole families (says that journal) are without any support except a few stones of potatoes amongst them, and hundreds of others have none at all.

What is to become of the people in summer, if this be their condition at present? An appeal for assistance is to be made to the Government. The Silesian Gazette informs us that large reinforcements are being sent by the Russian Government to the army of the Caucasus, and that the effective force of Russia in that quarter will soon amount to 200,000 men.

Advices from Athens, of the 10th ult. state that King Otto has had a narrow escape from being poisoned, owing to the carelessness of his cook, who prepared a dish in a vessel in which verdigris had been allowed to collect. The illness, however, soon gave way to proper remedies.

From Hayti, via Jamaica.

The Kingston Journal, of the 18th ult. says—

"We understand that the Spanish part of Hayti is in open insurrection, the population having taken up arms to effect a forcible separation.

Three vessels landed, on the 14th, 700 fugitives at Jacmel from the city of St Domingo; a greater number will evacuate as soon as the necessary shipping can be procured. One month is allowed for the French population to evacuate the Spanish part.

The whole of the inhabitants of Jacmel and surrounding countries are called upon to take arms and to subdue, by force, the Spanish part. The President, at the head of 10,000 men, has marched from Port au Prince."—Savannah Republic.

A Brig blown up.

The Washington correspondent of the Mercantile Journal states that on Saturday last various crowds of thousands shaded the prominent points, hills and shores of the Potomac, between the Arsenal and Navy Yard, to see the submarine explosion by Mr. Colt. A large brig was blown up, the forward part thrown into the air, and the vessel destroyed. It was a sublime sight. He sat half a mile off, and touched his wire with the electric spark, just as the vessel reached the fatal spot, and his experiment succeeded admirably. He also gave us an excellent height of the watery eruption resembled them.

There will be fun alive at the City Hall on Friday evening at the exhibition of the effects of the Laughing Gas. This exhibition in Boston gained much applause. Just examine the advertisement in another column.

We have stowed a large variety in our columns to day of the latest and best that we could pick up.

At a recent election in Augusta, Geo., the Whigs achieved a signal triumph. They carried their Mayor and three or four wards of the city.

At the recent charter election in St. Louis the whole Whig ticket was elected. The Whigs have gloriously carried their Mayor, Marshal, Register, Auditor and Attorney, by a majority of 1132 votes!

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 13.

The Senate was not in session.

The House, on motion of Mr. McKay, resolved itself into committee of the whole on the appropriation bill. Mr. McKay moved to reduce the appropriations so as to carry out the provisions of the recently passed retrenching bill, upon which a warm debate sprang up, diverging as usual into political questions, general and particular. The committee rose without taking any question, and the House adjourned at an early hour, so that members might go and see Mr. Colt blow up the ship of 500 tons.

FAST DAY.

The repairs on the Hammond Street Meeting House, not being completed, the members of that Society are invited to meet and unite in public services of to-morrow (Fast Day) with the First Parish Church, in their Meeting House, at the usual hours.

April 17.

DIED.

In Portland, 14th inst., Mary Blanchard, daughter of Capt. David Stackpole, aged 19.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF BANGOR.

April 17—Schr. N. into her, Penobscot, Boston.

" Pierre, Thomas, Cudron.

" Oliver, Black, Price, Cr.

" Sampson, Cleary.

" Prud'homme, Grand, Boston.

" Royal Whaler, Gilkey, Boston.

" Sheep Lapwing, Dodge, Sturgick.

From our Correspondent

CANTERBURY, April 16, 1844.

At ship Adams, 41 days from Liverpool, rough weather during March, April very poor. S. W. 14 days out. Ship Mary, Howard 11 days to Can-

ton, for London.

Clifford, Walker, for Banks.

America, Goggin, Provincetown, for Banks.

Seth Economy, Bushill, Ponson, Eliza Jane, V-

inte, Freeman, Enterprise, Wasp, Two Brothers,

Trumpet, Emily Augusta, and Helen Mar, all fitting out for Liverpool.

1000 Pcs. Thin Shoes.

MANUFACTURED expressly for the Lumber-

ing business, by the case or dozen at

april 18.

11 AGGS.

GREAT ATTRACTION!!

AT THE CITY HALL,

WHERE A

GRAND EXHIBITION

Of the effects produced by inhaling

Nitrous Oxide, Exhilarating

OR

LAUGHING GAS!

WILL be given FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Evenings, April 19th and 20th.

Every arrangement has been made to render the entertainment interesting and instructive. A large

quantity of Gas will be made and administered to as many persons at the time will admit of. All

Gentlemen and Ladies who contemplate marriage

should attend and take the Gas and show to each

other the bent of their genius; as the leading traits

of character will be sure to develop themselves.

The person for the time being, is lost to himself

and those around him, and being in the full posse

sion of his intellectual faculties, his true character

is brought out.

WANTED.
SETTLEMENT with every person with whom we have an account, being about to leave, we hereby give special notice to all that the same must be paid in full, and all having bills or notes against us present the same and they will be paid.

J. R. CROCKETT & CO.

LUMBER AT RETAIL.
Our Subscribers are about opening a LUMBER YARD, to supply purchasers with every description of LUMBER, in such quantities as may be desired.

They have now on hand and offer for sale a small lot of
Seasoned Dimension Stuffs.
and other DRY LUMBER at fair prices.
Also a prime lot of GROCERIES. Also
a fine lot of COD FISH, just rec'd by
E. POOL & CO. No 1, Whitman's Block,
Exchange-Street.

Dry Goods Notice.

No. 16, MAIN-STREET, BANGOR.
THOMAS A. WHITE & CO.,
OULD respectfully call the attention of pur-
chasers to their New and Extensive Stock
OF GROCERIES, which they are now open-
ing for sale, at Wholesale and Retail, for
Approved credit.

The Stock being too extensive to enumerate, the
of some only will be given, viz: Cases and
BROADCLOTHES,

the best English, French, German and Ameri-
can Manufactures, embracing a great variety of
and shades.

CASSIMERES:
Reds, Blues, Lavers, Drabs, Mixtures—
Red plaid, striped, mottled, and fancy do-

VESTINGS

variety, from the richest fig'd Velvets to
Velvets and Marseilles. Rich fig'd and
Silks.

Colored Satins, comprising a great variety of
and Colors. Fig'd, Dressed, and undressed
and plain VELVETEENS, Gambrins, Drabs,
Denims, Union Plaids and Fancies,
Cous, &c. Silk Velvets, White and
Linen bleached and unbleached Sheetings,
and Drilings; Cotton Flannel; Linen Tu-
lets, Colored Cambries, Silesies, Worsted
Silk and cotton Wares, Alpacas, and Lu-
nary, Gloves, &c. &c.

BONNETS:

the best fine and superfine Florence and
Aper BONNETS, purchased in New
England, and will be sold at Great Bar-
tary or at Retail.

SHAWLS:

Silk, Satin, Thibet Brooch, Moulin
de Camille, Kable, Honey Comb, Wors-
thaus, & &c. Also, a great variety of Fan-
tastic Mantillas, Cardinals, &c.

together with a great variety of other
not enumerated, are now offered for
the lowest prices.

MR. A. WHITE & CO. having had an
experience of over 12 years in the Dry Goods Busi-
ness, their knowledge of the best sources for
the qualities of Goods; with their
experience in doing business; feel confident in as-
suming of their ability to sell at the lowest
prices, and that any article purchased of them,
is a good and recommended, and as low or
as can be bought in this City, may be re-
turned the money refunded for the same.

March 3. d2ww3w

Just Received.

BRILL & GODFREY
will be ready to show to-morrow (THURS-
DAY) a splendid assortment of

Sprin g Goods,
latest styles which they will be happy to
offer at the lowest prices at

16, Main-St. New Block.

March 15, 1844. eod&ew2m. m19.

SHAKESPEARE,

ILLUSTRATED Nos. 1 and 2—Cheever's Lec-
ture on Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress Nos. 1 to
100, Nos. 13—16—Biblio's Songs, and More's
Ain, Ballads, &c.—Puseyism, and Epis-
tole Protestant Churchman—Religion in the
1st, 2d, 3d, 4th—Blackwood's Edinburgh Mag-
azine—Life and Public Services of Henry
VIII—Trial and Conversations of obt. Em-
perors—Other cheap publications, received and
offered for the sale of Harpers' Splendid
Bible, 65 cts, per number.

E. F. DUREN.

COPARTNERSHIP.

Subscribers have this day formed a Copar-
tnership under the firm of

ROBERT S. WILLIAMS.
GEORGE R. SHELDON.

W. PICKERING, Esq { Bangor.

March 1, 1844.

will give notice to our friends that we have
a connection as above, and have taken an
apart-
ment, Wall-Street.

and give our attention to the purchase and
CHARTERS, Effecting INSUR-
ANCE.

Attention will be given to the purchase of
CORN, and to the sale of all kinds

WILLIAMS & SHELDON.

now doing

BANGOR HOUSE.

Corner of CROSS and BLACK-
STONE STREETS.

Formerly known as the National House.)

BOSTON.

This House having undergone

a thorough repair, is every respect

now in complete order to re-
ceive a new company, and no pains shall

be spared to make those comfor-
table, especially business men.

part of the above House hopes to mer-
it the patronage, and give entire satisfaction

at March 18, 1844. A. W. HAWLEY.

CHARLES LOWELL.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Essex Co., Hancock County, Maine.

SHAWLS.

THOS. A. WHITE & CO. would call
the attention of purchasers to their splendid
assortment of SHAWLS embracing more than
300 Rich Patterns, Edinboro', Thibet, Brooch,
Worsted Damask, Kable, French Honey Comb,
Silk Damask, Camelion, Satin, fig'd and plain
Mous. de Laine, with a great variety of Fancy
Habks. Also Satin Mantillas and Cardinals—from
New York Auctions and for sale at the lowest
prices. April 8.

FOREIGN LEECHES.
A FRESH lot just received and for sale by
A. P. GUILDF,
Druggist, Exchange st.

PAINTING.

THE Subscribers have entered into Copar-
tner ship, under the firm of

LONGFELLOW & WINSLOW,

for the purpose of carrying on the

HOUSE, SHIP AND SIGN PAINTING

BUSINESS,

At the old STAND of GEO. A. LONGFELLOW,

near the corner of BROAD and WATER-ST.

particular attention given to the imitation of

WOOD AND MARBLE.

—WANTED—

Six good Journeyman Painters to which good
wages, and constant employ will be given.

GEORGE A. LONGFELLOW,

SEWARD WINSLOW.

Bangor, Feb. 23, 1844. d2ww3w

REMOVAL.

SAMUEL NOTT, CIVIL ENGINEER and
SURVEYOR, has removed to No. 46, West
Market Place. April 2. d2ww3w

Rich Spring Goods,

TOWNSEND & SMITH,

No 17, Central-St...Boston,

ARE now daily receiving a good assortment of

desirable

GOODS,

which they offer at the lowest prices for Cash or
short Credit, consisting of

100 Cases Florence and American Braids,

And other styles of

LAWN, CYPRESS and FRENCH TRIMMED

BONNETS

Rich RIBBONS and FLOWERS in great variety,

Balzerines, Lawns and Muslin de Laines, new styles,

Bonnet, Silks, Mohair and Kid Gloves,

French Caps, Tabs and Collars; Gimp, and Fringes,

Cardinal and rich Trimmings, Black and

White LACES, Sun Shadings, and Parasols, Embroidered SHAWLS; Fancy Habks, Linen

Cambrie do, Cords and Tassels.

April 3. d2ww3w

HARD WARE.

M. NEWELL,

No. 53, STATE STREET,

BOSTON.

Has imported by the late arrivals from Liver-
pool and London, a very extensive assort-
ment of

CUTLERY,

—AND—

Hard Ware Goods,

which, with full supply of

DOMESTIC HARD WARES,

Are offered for CASH or CREDIT on the best

terms. He will also be constantly supplied with

R. HOE & CO'S "Celebrated Patent

Ground Cast Steel Mill-Circular

and Cut Saws,

For the superior excellence of which article he

would refer to the following notice copied from a

Philadelphia Paper.

March 15, 1844. eod&ew2m. m19.

"R. Hoe & Co's."

SAWS.

PATENT GROUND CAST-STEEL MILL,

CIRCULAR, and CUT SAWS, from the

celebrated Works of "HOE & CO." New York.

These Saws are made of SANDERSON BROTHERS & CO., BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

and are of superior workmanship, as well as quality, as

will be seen by the following notice from a Phila-
delphia Paper.

"The comparative value of the Saws manufactured

by the Messrs. Hoe & Co. may perhaps be

more duly appreciated by those who understand the

use of them, after stating that they are made of

Sanderston Brothers & Co. best Cast Steel, under

an improved process of tempering, and cut by Ma-

chinery with Mathematical precision, by describing

the main principle, of difference in grinding and

finishing, between the usual mode, and the plan of

Mr. Hoe, by which these are ground.

The first is easily described, because it is by a process

with which all are familiar; merely that of hold-

ing the Saw upon a grindstone, by hand, and press-

ing it backward and forward until the ground bright,

and so nearly true, measuring with the eye, as may

be thought will make it answer its purposes.

The practiced eye, and skillful hand will, in this case, of

course, put a true finish to the article than the unskilful, but any Mechanic can see that the ex-

actness of mechanical perfection can never be at-
tained in this mode by the longest practice, how-

ever skillful.

On the other hand, Mr. Hoe's plan, by which

these Saws are ground, consists of what we be-

lieve is termed a "lap," formed of a large, massive,

leaden wheel, with its face covered with Emery,

and strongly iron bound, to prevent its flying to

pieces from the centrifugal force of its high and

rapid motion, with a planed iron plate, embedded

in the hub, of difference in grinding and

finishing, between the usual mode, and the plan of

Mr. Hoe, by which these are ground.

The Circular Saw is ground by a Machine with

different arrangements, but similar in principle, ren-

dering them equally perfect."

March 15. d2ww3w m19.

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT

OF

FEATHERS

IN the City—of every kind and quality in B.-L.

Bales or put up in small bags—just received

and will be sold at the very lowest prices for cash

Great Attraction

AT THE

PENOBSCOT FURNISHING STORE,

—AND—

Ready-Made Clothing Establishment,

EXCHANGE STREET,

Two Doors East of the Penobscot Exchange,

BY

OLIVER DRESSER,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

THE undersigned would give notice to his friends, and the public generally, that he has opened a

LARGE ESTABLISHMENT, and has a splendid Stock of BROADCLOTHS, CASSI-

NERES, and VESTINGS, of every shade and quality.

ALSO—TRIMMINGS FOR GARMENTS, of every kind, and all articles in the furnishing line, all

of which he has just received, new and good, from the Importers in Boston, and offers them for sale at

cost, for per cent less than they have formerly been sold in this city. Call and examine for yourselves.

The Tailoring Business

Shall be warranted to be done as well and cheaper, at this Establishment, than at any other in this city

State or elsewhere.

Fashionable Garments,

Of every description, cut and made at short notice.

Cutting Garments to be made elsewhere particularly attended to.

OLIVER DRESSER, Proprietor.

Bangor, April 4, 1844.

\$25 REWARD.

FOUND in the streets of the city of Bangor on or about the 20th March, man who appears to be non compos mentis. He is incapable of stating anything intelligible respecting his name, connections, or residence; sometimes calling himself "Charles Hunt" at other times "Champion Hunt," and says he "lived on the plain with brother Morrill in Norwich." He is about five feet eight inches high, has light blue eyes, chestnut brown hair, and light complexion. His age is probably about 24 years. His chest is somewhat depressed and he has scars upon his hands as tho' he had used a knife, and his hands have the appearance of having been accustomed to some labor. He had on when found a snug fur cap, without visor and a black flock coat, much worn, of home made cloth, and dark stockings.

It is believed that some person must have brought this man into the city, and left him to perish or be provided for by the city. Information is now sought as to where the man belongs, or has been living, and a handsome reward is offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of the person who abandoned this man, at this inclement season of the year, to the perils of exposure in this city. He is now lodged in the Alms House.

Any person who can give information to the Overseers of the Poor of Bangor, respecting this man or the manner of his robbing this city will confer a favor, and of the information thus given shall lead to the conviction of any person for this crime against law and humanity, a reward of twenty-five dollars shall be paid.

OTIS SNAILL, Overseer of the Poor.

Bangor, April 4, 1844.

Wood's Stove Store.

HENRY A. WOOD,
STOVE DEALER,
Nos. 1, 2, 3, Broad-st. Bangor,

HAS on hand the largest Stock, and the greatest variety of Cooking, Parlor, Box, and Air-Tight

STOVES,

ever in the State. Among which, may be found the MAINE FARMER COOK STOVE, invented by Mr. W. which now stands unrivaled as an economical Cooking Stove, it has five places for boiling and three places for fire, one of which will admit wood 26 inches long. 130 of this kind of Stove were retailed in this City the past year.

The Penobscot Kitchen Companion, 4 boilers 2 sizes.

The Penobscot Farmer, 4 boilers 1 size.

The Elevated Oven Rotary 4 boilers 3 sizes.

The Parlor Cook 3 boilers 2 sizes.

The Rathbun Elevated Oven 4 boilers 2 sizes.

The Improved Yankee 3 boilers 2 sizes.

The Summer and Winter Stove, new pattern 2 Ovens 4 boilers 3 sizes.

The Hill's pattern, Elevated Oven, 2 boilers 1 size.

The Empire Union 4 boilers 4 sizes.

The Luminous Union, 3 boilers 4 sizes.

The Improved Union, 3 boilers 4 sizes.

The Improved Union, 4 boilers 4 sizes.

The Improved Cast Iron Green Rotary, 4 boilers 3 sizes.

The Summer Stove, 4 boilers 1 size.

And a variety of others too numerous to mention; comprising in all, about fifty different sorts.

AIR-TIGHT STOVES,

of every kind, quality and price to suit purchasers.

BOX STOVES,

made of Vermont Iron, which are superior to all others now in this market.

Cast Iron Pumps and Lead Pipe;

Sheet Lead, Sheet Zinc, Iron and Copper Trimmings of all kinds, for Air-Tight Stoves.

IRON HOLLOW WARE, SAW or FLAT IRONS, by the Doz. or single pair.

The above will be sold low for cash.

Oct. 2.

STEAM IRON WORKS.

FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO.

IRON FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,

Opposite City Hall, Bangor,

CONTINUE to manufacture at their Establish-

ment every variety of Machinery and Cast-

ings in this section of the country:

MACHINERY.

Steam Engines, Turning Engines, Lathes and

Screws; Shingle, Clapboard, Lath, Box, Sapping and Threshing Machines.

IRON CASTINGS.

Cast Iron Reaction Water Wheels; Balance

Wheels for Saw Mills; Mill Cranks; Gudgeons;

Grist Mill Spindles; and an extensive assortment

of Bevel and Spur Gearing, for Mills and Machinery.

STOVE CASTINGS.

A large assortment of Fire Frames, from new

and beautiful patterns; Cook Stoves, several kinds;

Parlor Fire Stoves, of different sizes; an assortment

of Box Stoves; and a great variety of Air-Tight

Stove Castings.

PLoughs.

An assortment of Ploughs from patterns greatly

approved, and of the best Timber; Plough Points

for a great variety of Ploughs. Also—Cart and

Wagon Hubs, east wheel; Potash Kettles, Caul-

drums, Fire Dogs, Pipe Boxes, &c.

BAR IRON AND STEEL.

Chordal Haws; Blacksmithing and Composition

Castings; Machine Cards from one of the oldest

and most celebrated manufacturers in Mass.

All the above will be found equal in quality to

any in the market, and for sale on as reasonable

terms.

COMSTOCK'S SARSAPARILLA.

COMSTOCK & CO.'s Concentrated Compound

Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla, for the cure of

Scrofula.

Chronic Rheumatism, and Siphilid

Diseases.

General Debility.

Catarrhs & Diseases,

Ecchytopathies of the

skin.

Potter, Pimples or Pustules on the

Bones.

the Face, Liver Affections.

And all diseases arising from an impure state of

the blood, exasperated and impure in life.

Excessive use of Mercury, &c.

This article is warranted pure and strong, as good

and as durable as any sold at one dollar per

bottle, at the low price of fifty cents per bottle, or

75 per dozen, and can be found only at G. W.

LADD'S, and A. P. GUILDF'S.

75 and 95.

MOORE & BUTMAN,

HAVE ON HAND A GENERAL AS-

SORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES—WEST INDIA

GOODS AND PROVISIONS;

which will be sold very low for CASH.

Purchasers are invited to call and examine,

7 Main Street.

Jan. 3.

W. & A. P. GUILDF'S.

75 and 95.

FARE REDUCED.

First class Cars to Oldtown 38cts.

Forward " 30 " which is 25 per

cent less than former rates.

E. HARRIS, Superintendent.

April 4, 1844.

25 and 35.

W. & A. P. GUILDF'S.

75 and 95.

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